

Nuclear reactions

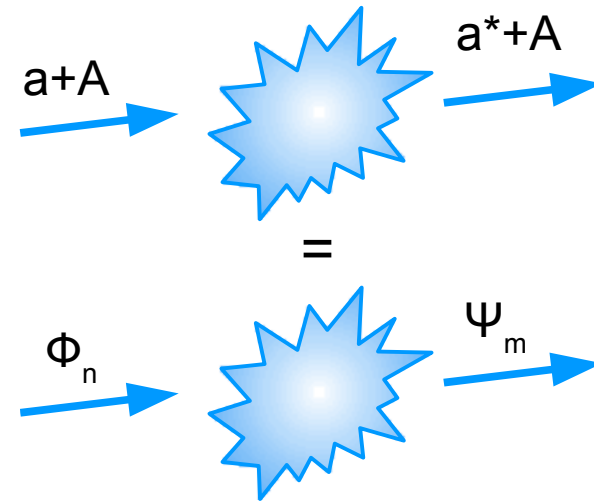
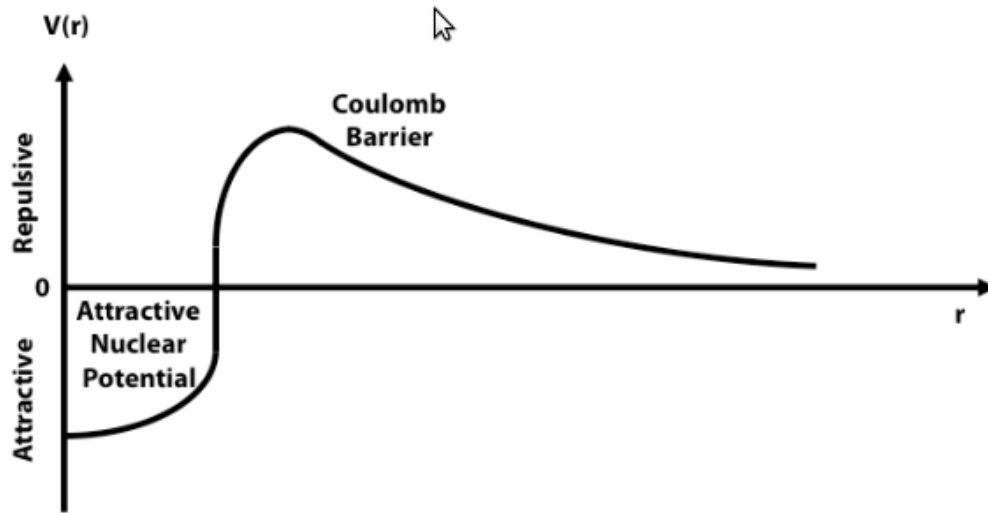
A theoretical presentation



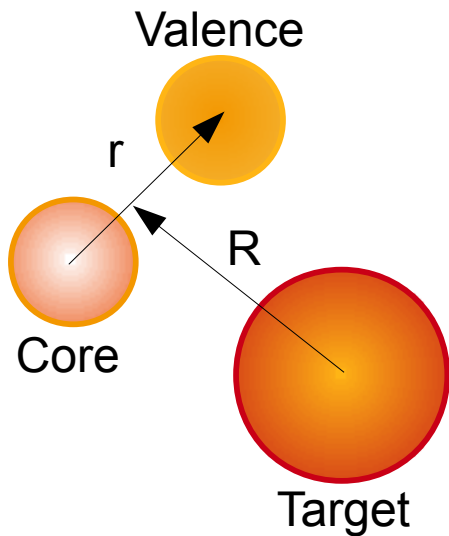


Potentials

A brief introduction



$$P_n = |\langle \Phi_n | \Psi_m \rangle|^2$$



$$H(r,R) \psi(r,R) = E \psi(r,R)$$

$$H(r,R) = H_0(r) + T(R) + V(r,R)$$

$$\psi(r,R) = \varphi(r)\chi(R)$$



Nuclear Reactions

Theoretical models



1

Optical model

2

Coupled channels

3

Distorted Wave Born Approximation (DWBA)



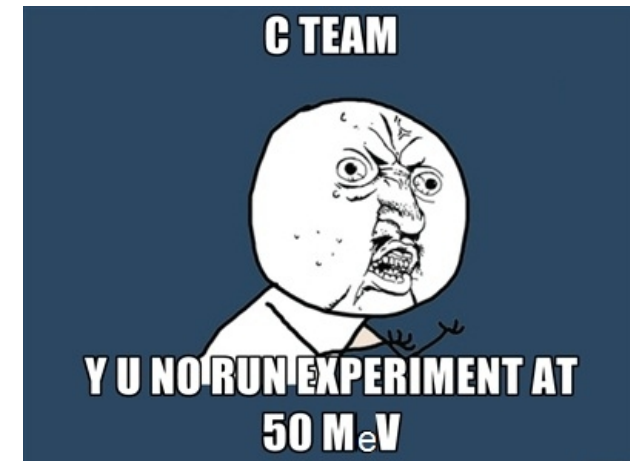
Case of our study



Main goals:

- Learning the basics about calculating nuclear reactions by using a computer
- Learning the basics of the reaction code FRESKO

CASE OF STUDY ► $^{20}\text{Ne} + ^{12}\text{C}$ @ 50 MeV

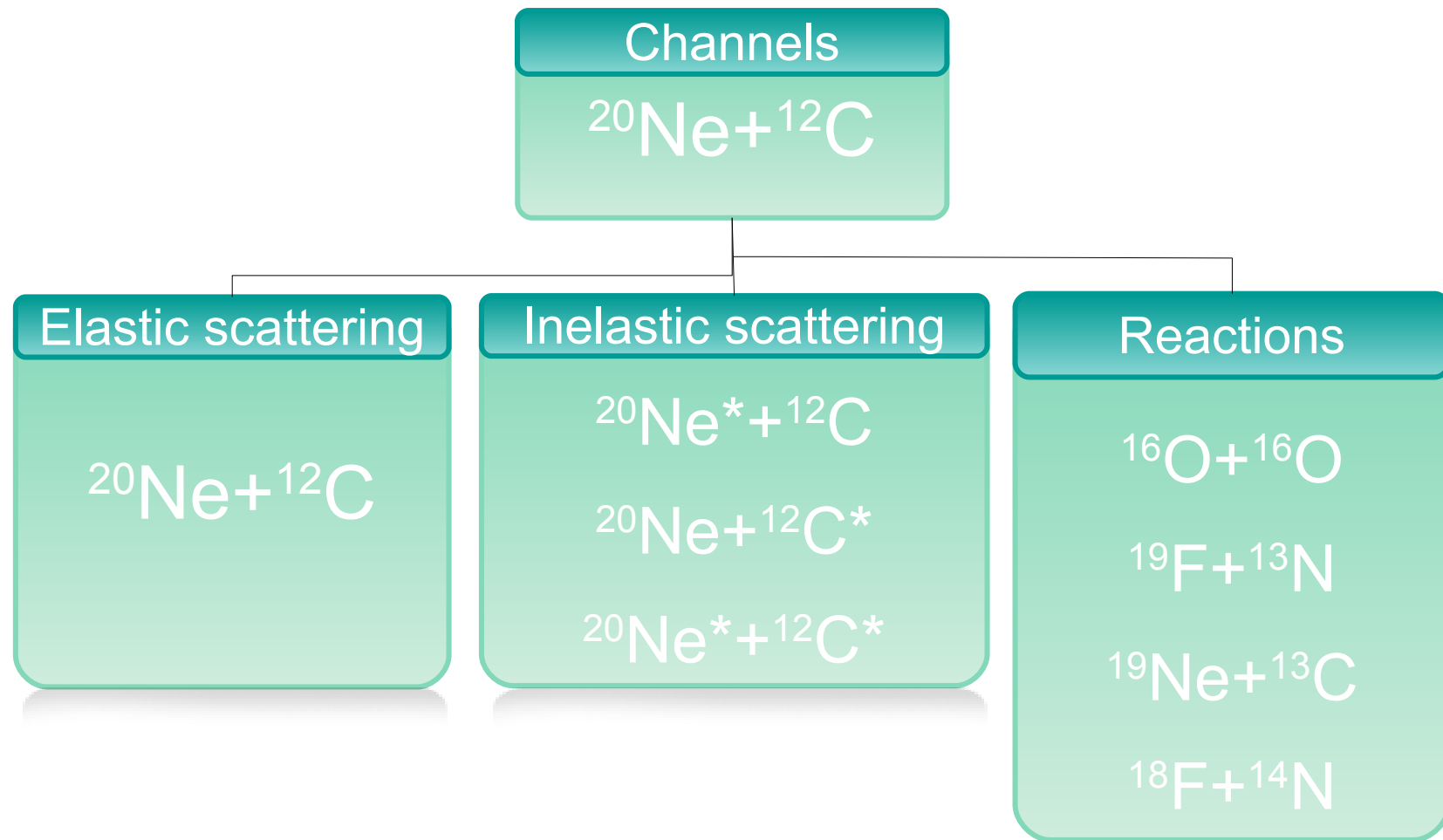


Goals:

- Running calculations for elastic and inelastic scattering and for transfer reactions
- Comparing our results with the experimental results from group C



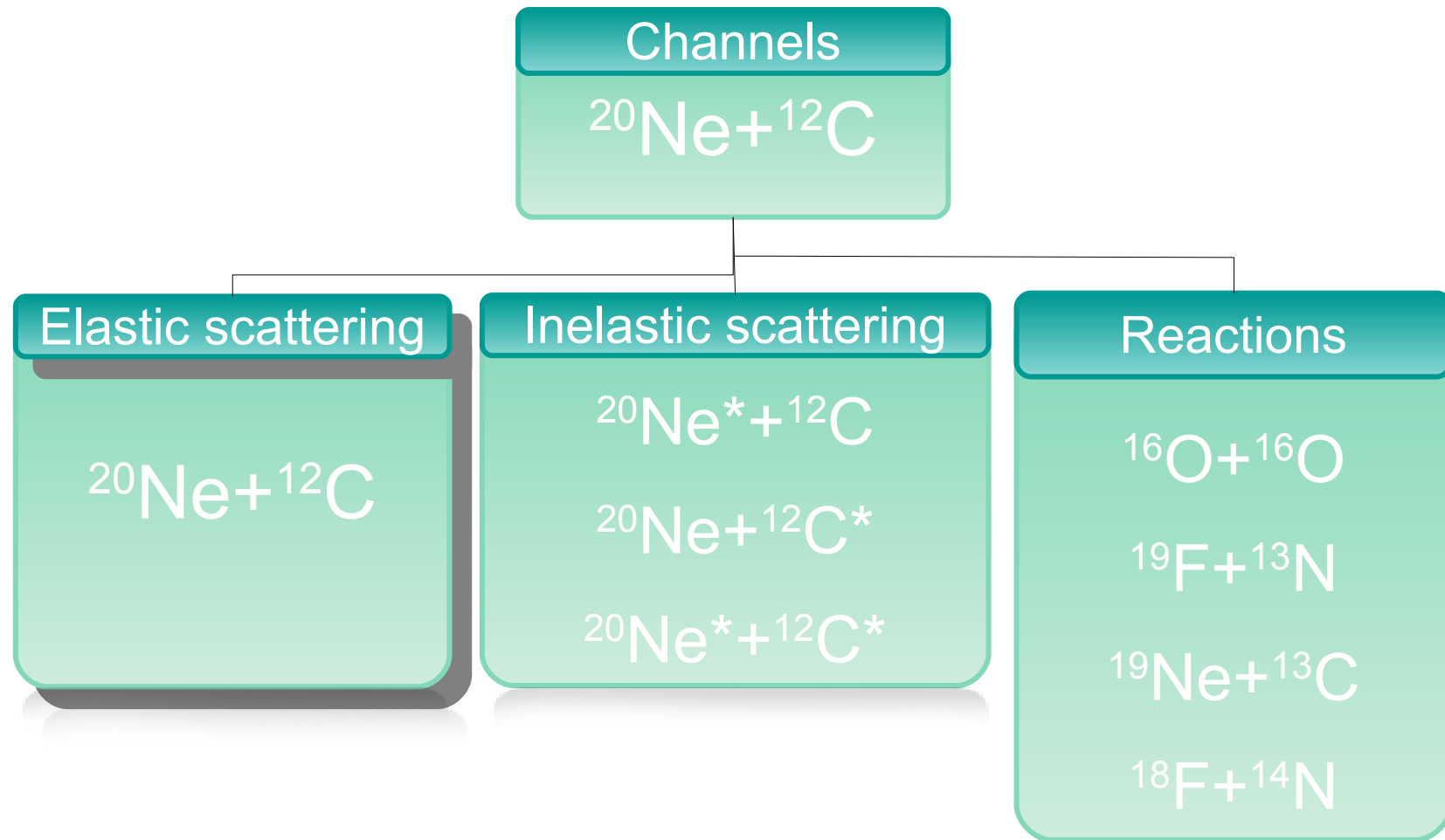
Basic classification





Basic classification

Elastic scattering





Elastic Scattering



1

Phenomenological

2

Proton and α clusters

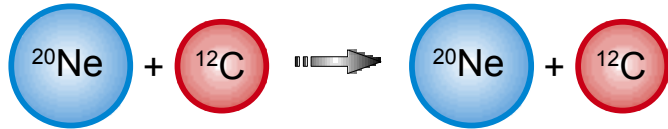
3

Double folding

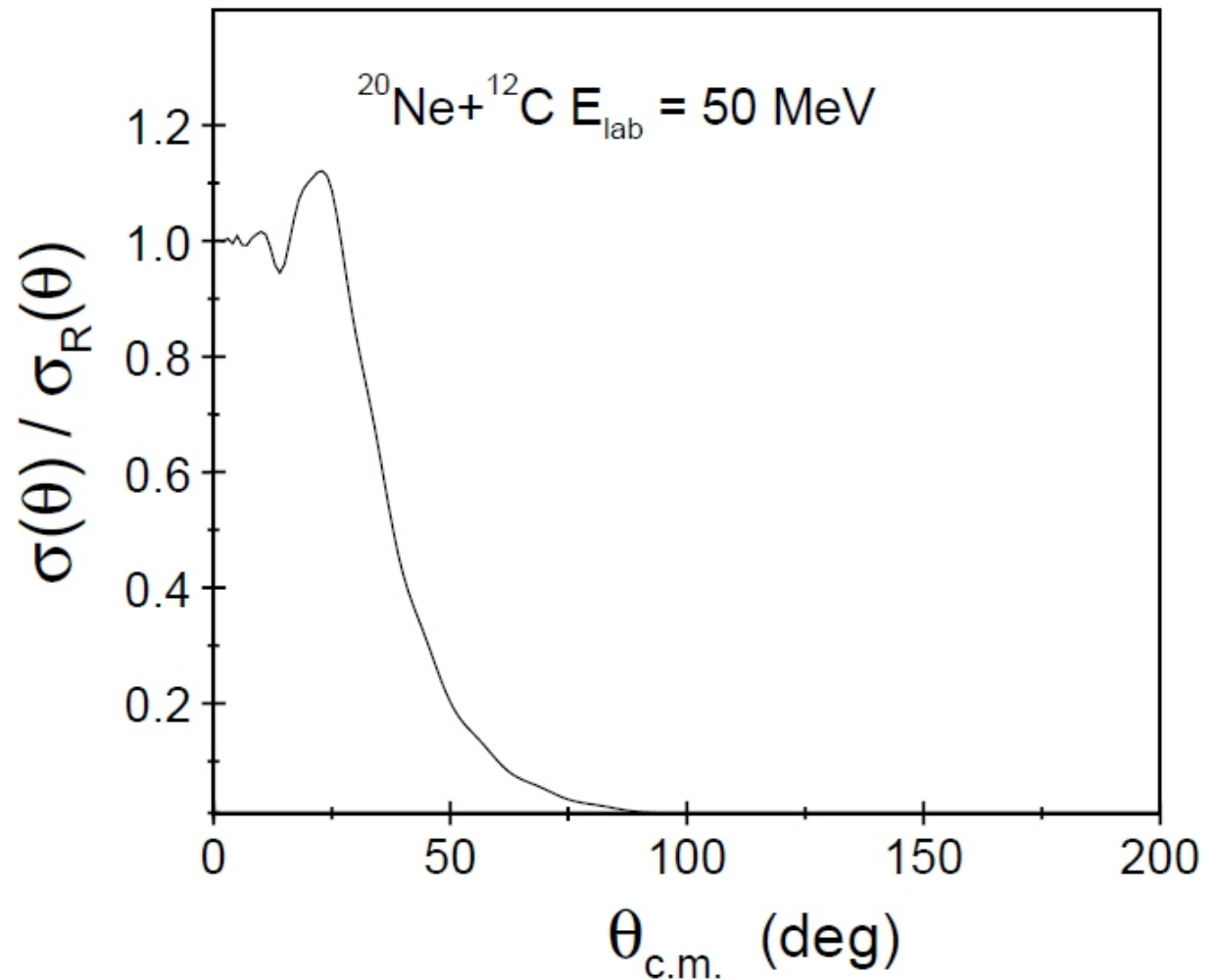


Phenomenological

Elastic scattering



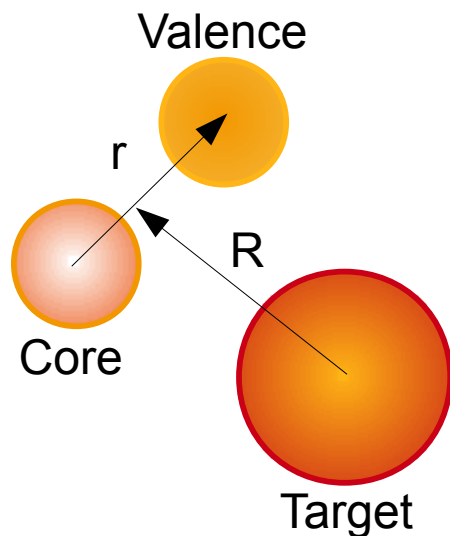
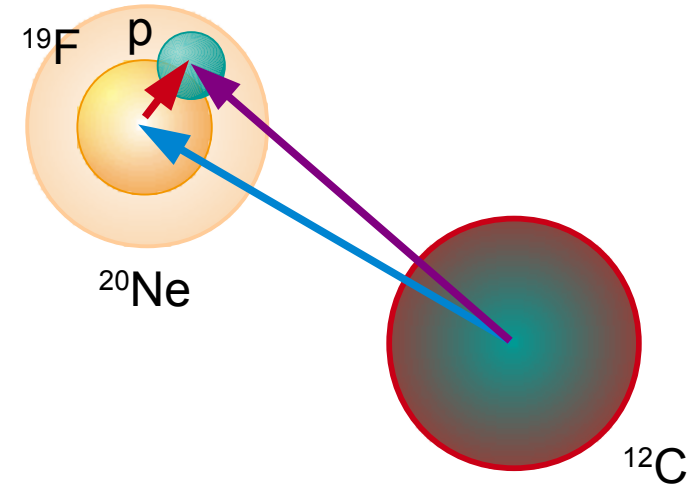
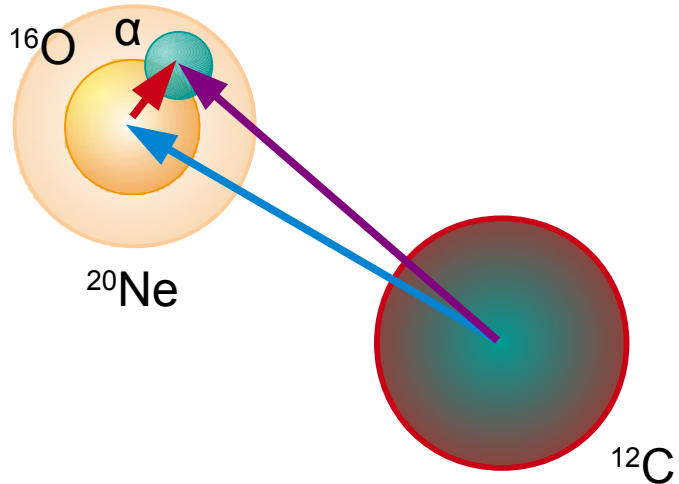
$$V(R) = [V+iW] / \{1+\exp[(R-R_0)/a]\}$$





α and proton clusters

Elastic scattering



Cluster folding potential:

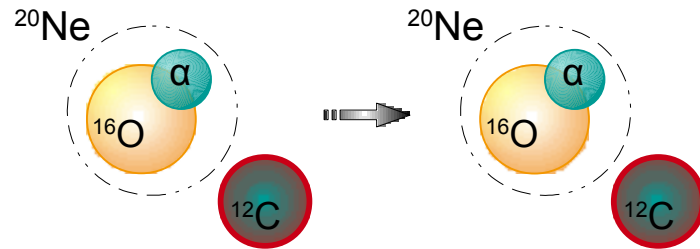
$$V(R) = \langle \varphi_i(r) | V(r,R) | \varphi_i(r) \rangle$$

$$V(r,R) = V_{\text{core,target}}(r,R) + V_{\text{valence,target}}(r,R) + V_{\text{core,valence}}(r)$$

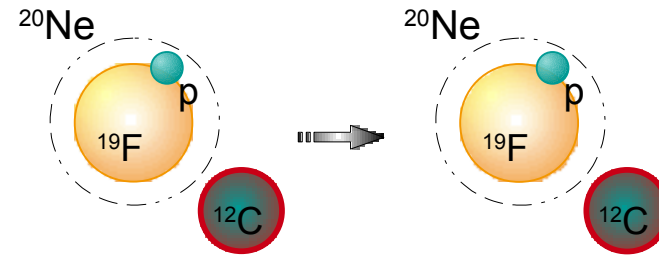


α and proton clusters

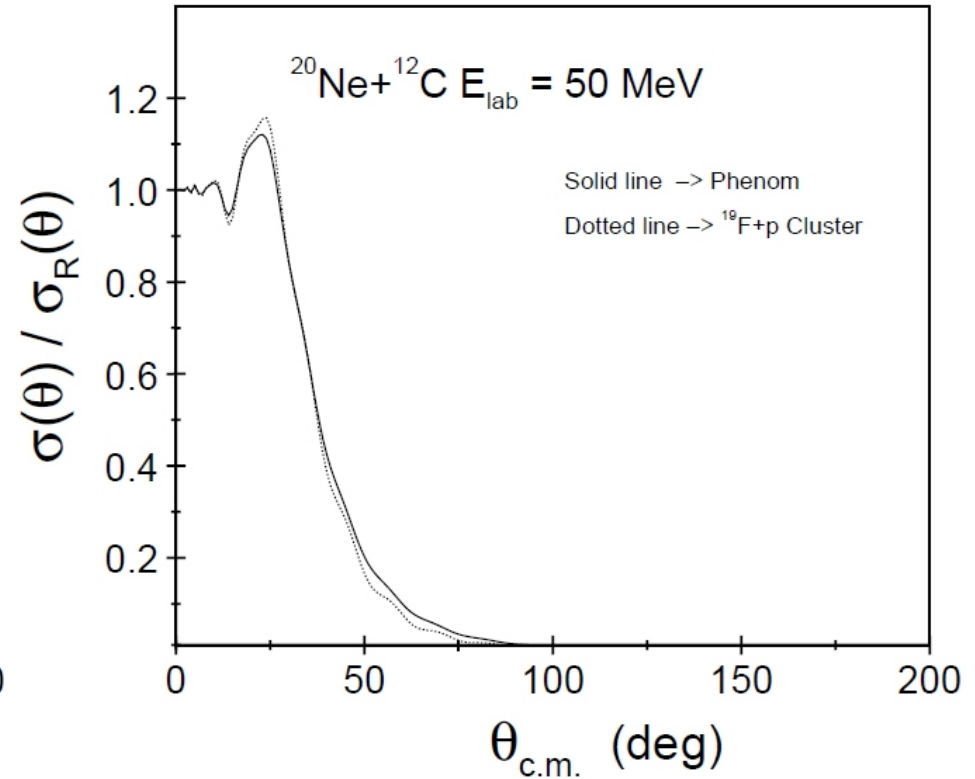
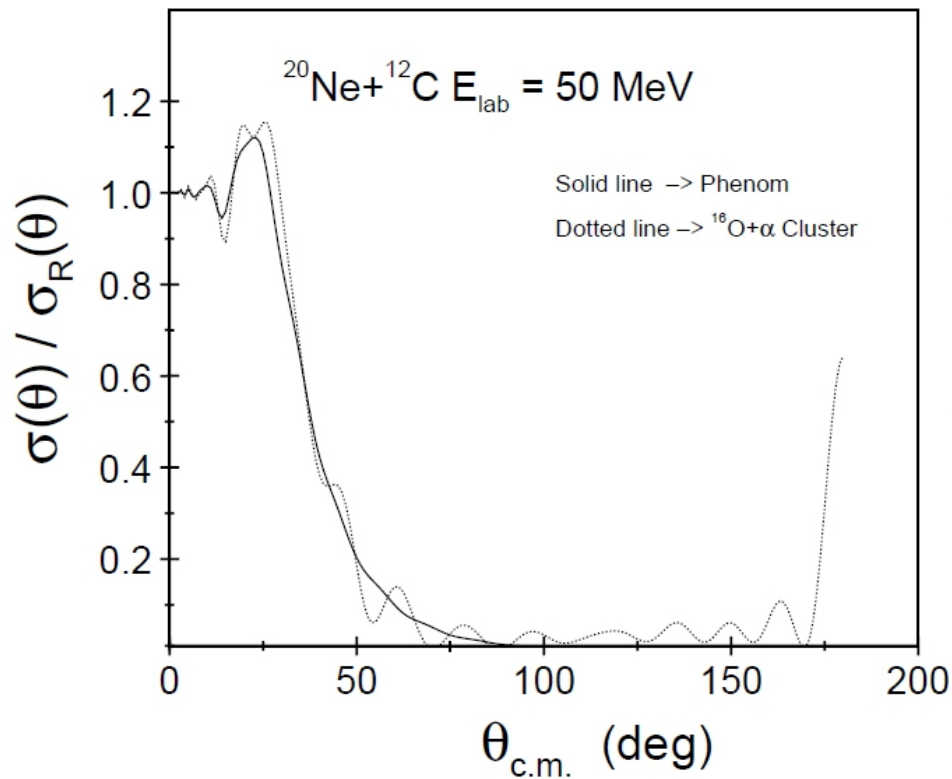
Results



Alpha cluster



Proton cluster





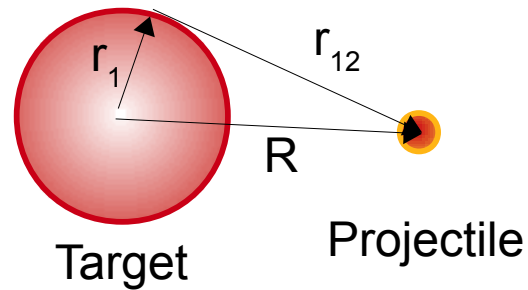
Double folding

Elastic scattering



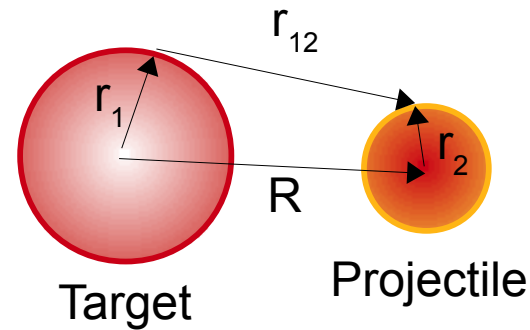
Single-folding potential

$$V(R) = \int dr_1 \rho_{\text{target}} v(r_{12})$$



Double-folding potential

$$V(R) = \iint dr_1 dr_2 \rho_{\text{projectile}} \rho_{\text{target}} v(r_{12})$$

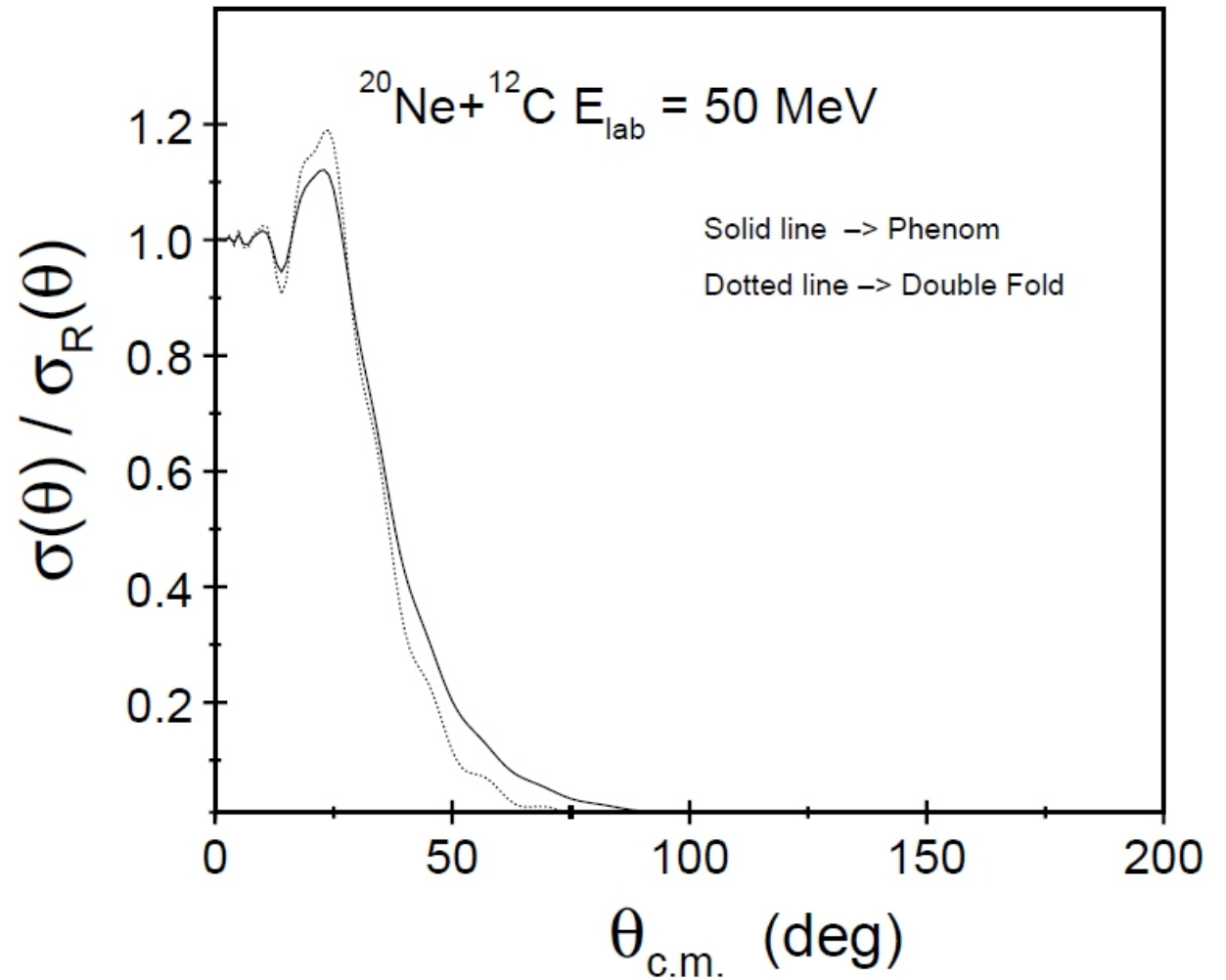
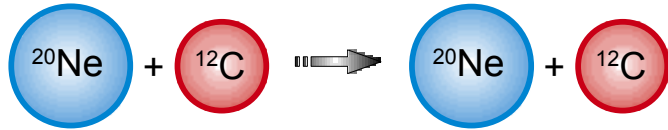


Imaginary potential W ?



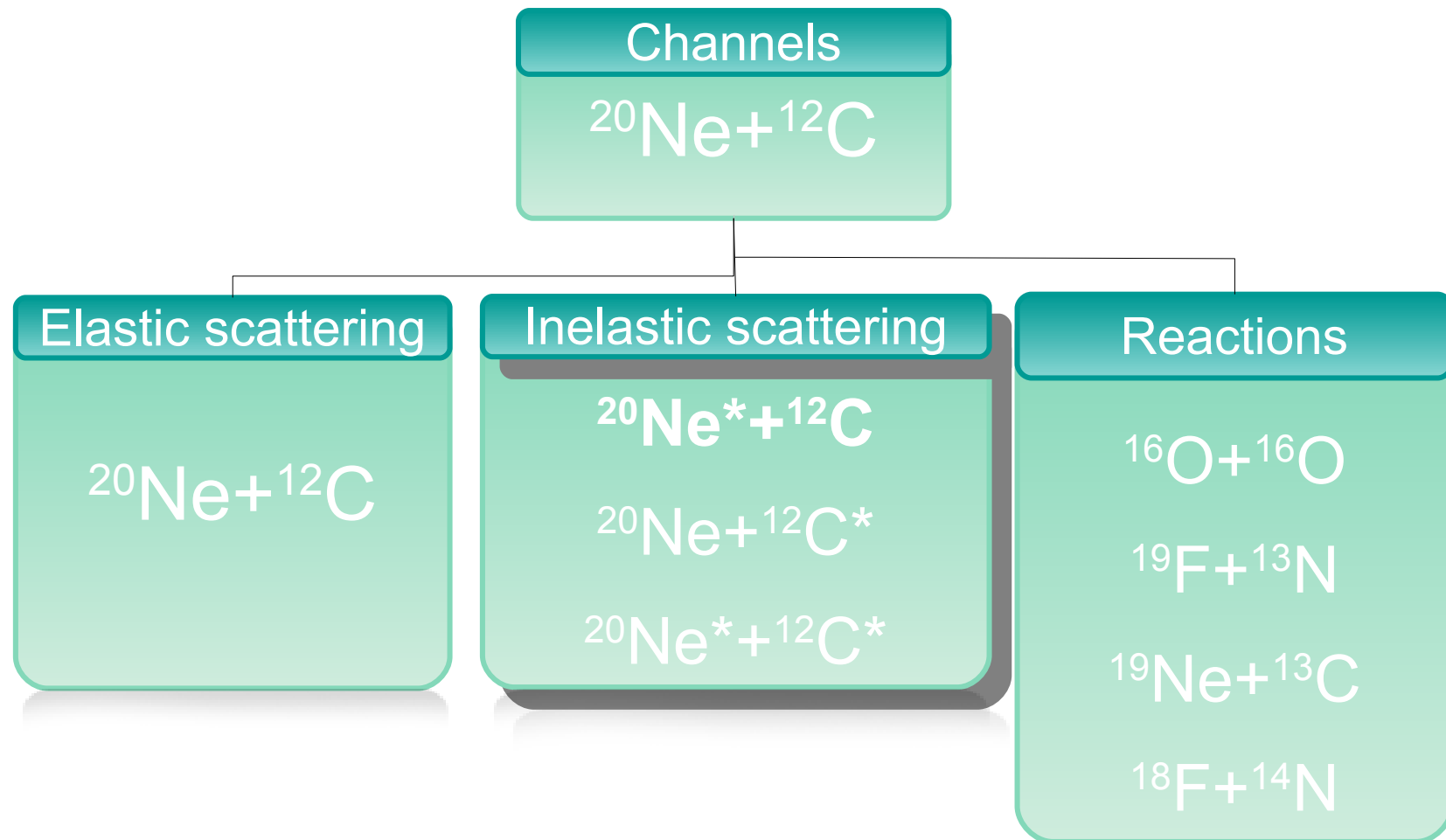
Double folding

Elastic scattering



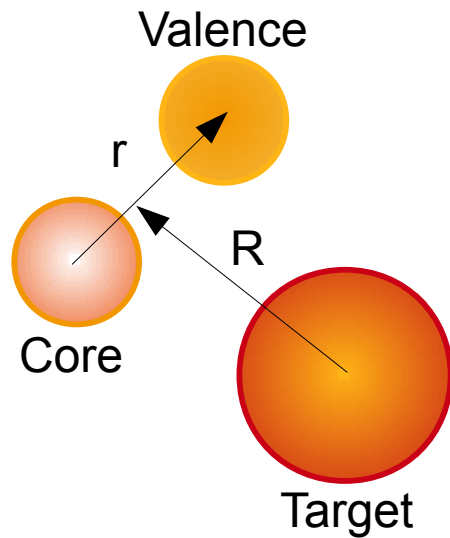


Basic classification

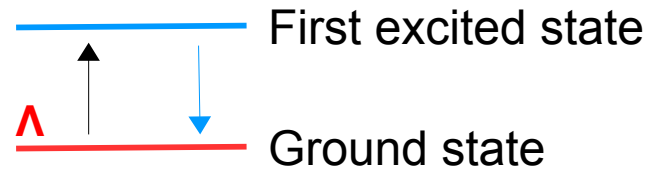




Coupled channels Method



Projectile excitation



$$\psi(r, R) = \varphi_{\text{g.s.}}(r) \chi_{\text{el}}(R) + \varphi_{1\text{exc}}(r) \chi_{\text{inel}}(R) + \dots$$

$$V(r, R) = V_{\text{cent.}}(R) + U(r, R)$$

$$[T + \varepsilon_{\text{g.s.}} - E + V_{\text{cent.}}(R) + \langle \varphi_{\text{g.s.}}(r) | U(r, R) | \varphi_{\text{g.s.}}(r) \rangle] \chi_{\text{el}}(R) = \langle \varphi_{\text{g.s.}}(r) | U(r, R) | \varphi_{1\text{exc.}}(r) \rangle \chi_{\text{inel}}(R)$$



Inelastic Scattering

Main factors



1

Coulomb excitation

2

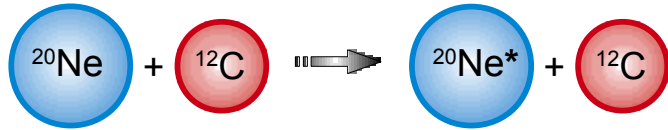
Nuclear interaction

3

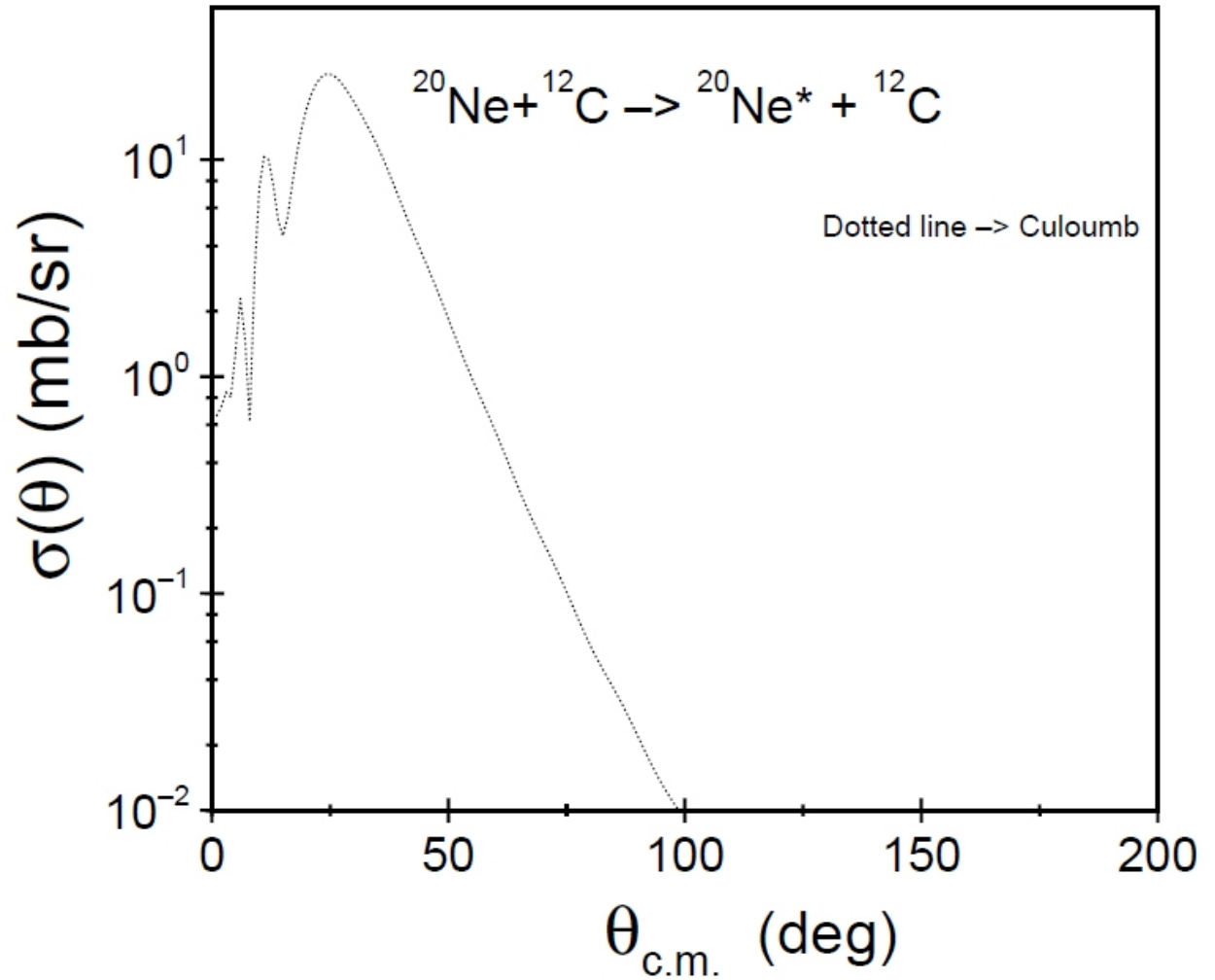
Combined effect



Coulomb excitation



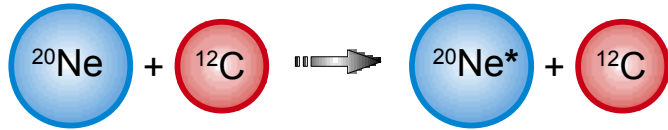
²⁰Ne levels
2⁺ ——— 1.633 MeV
0⁺ ——— 0 MeV





Nuclear interaction

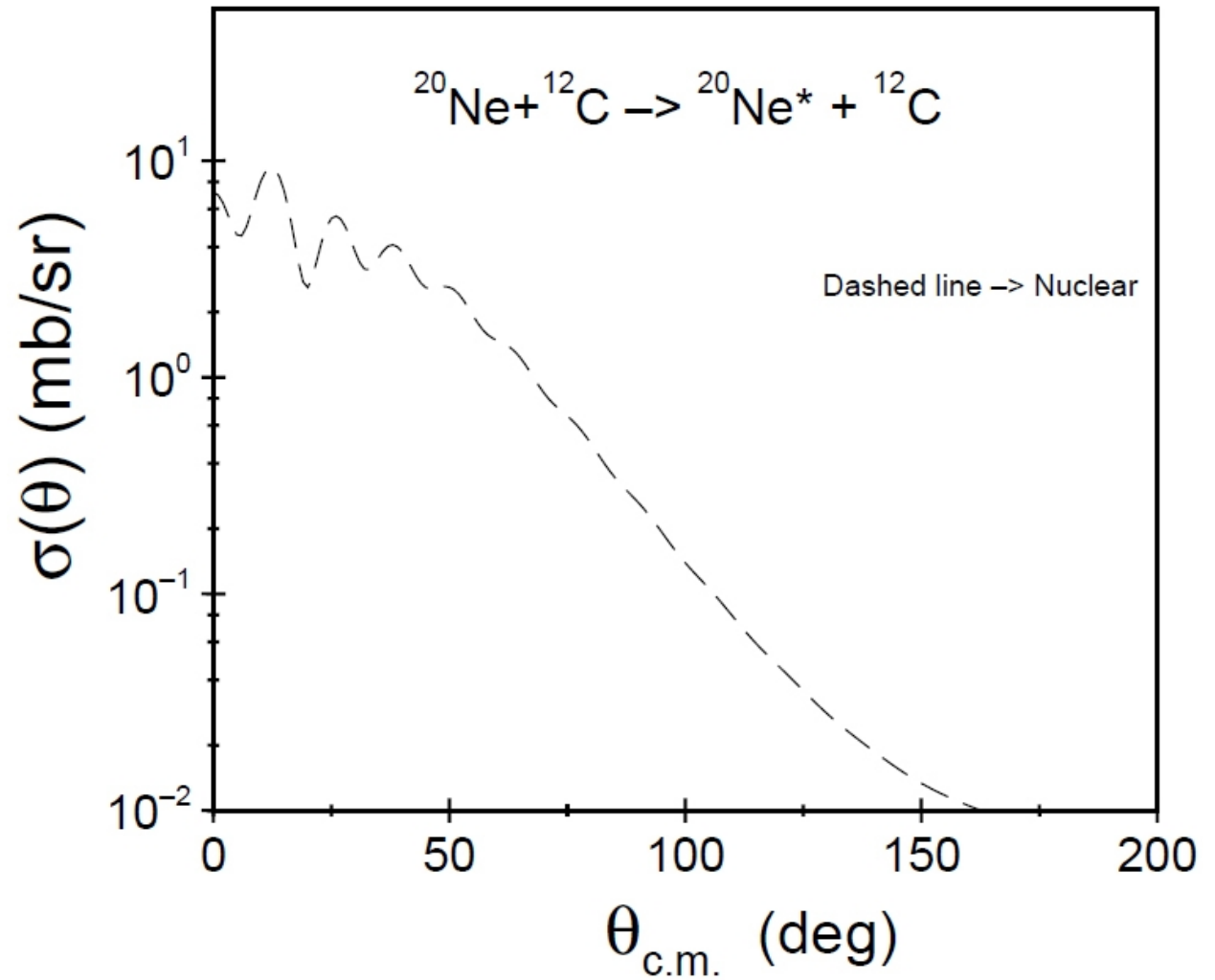
Results



²⁰Ne levels

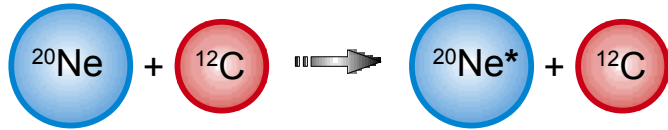
2⁺ ——— 1.633 MeV

0⁺ ——— 0 MeV

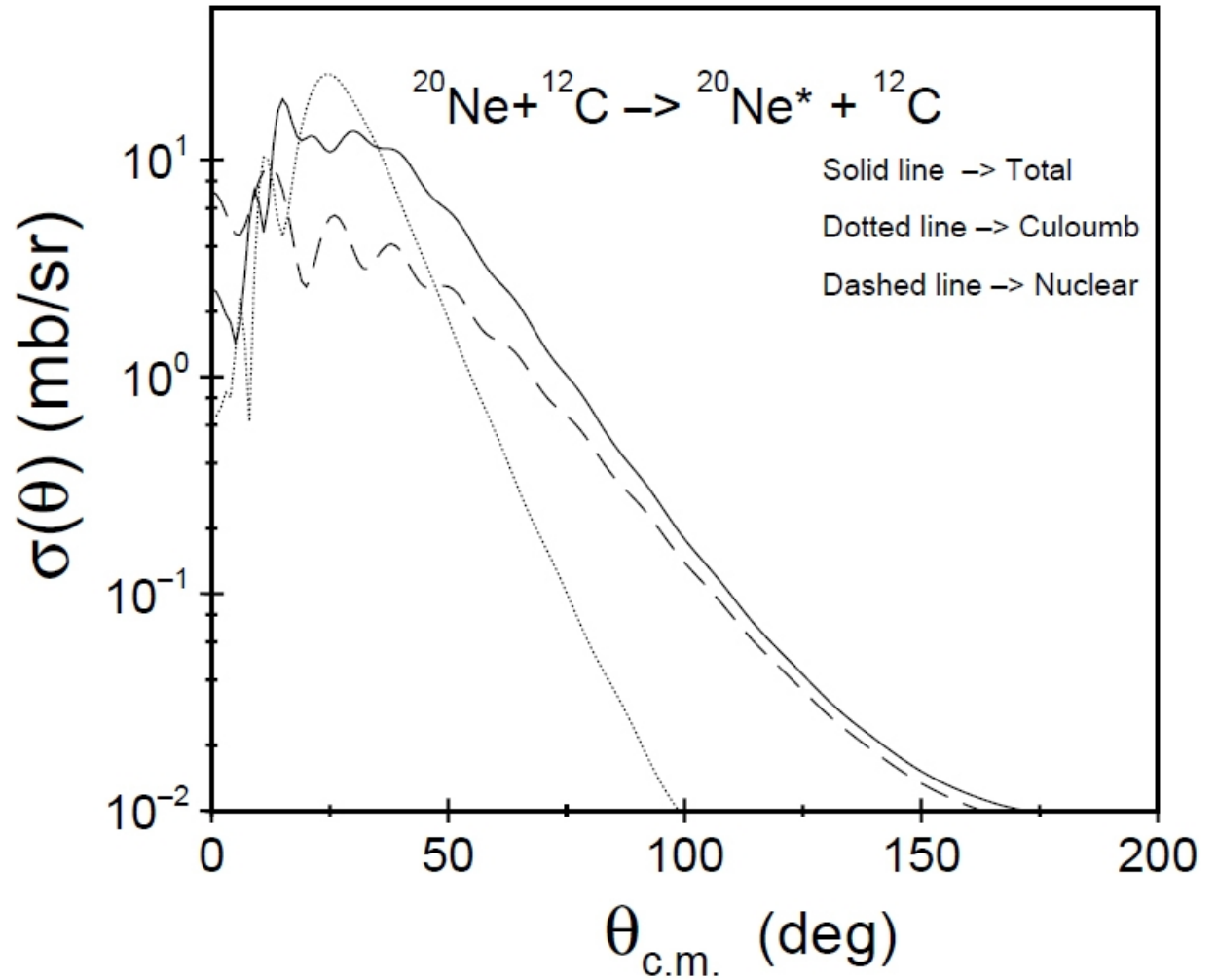




Joint effect Results



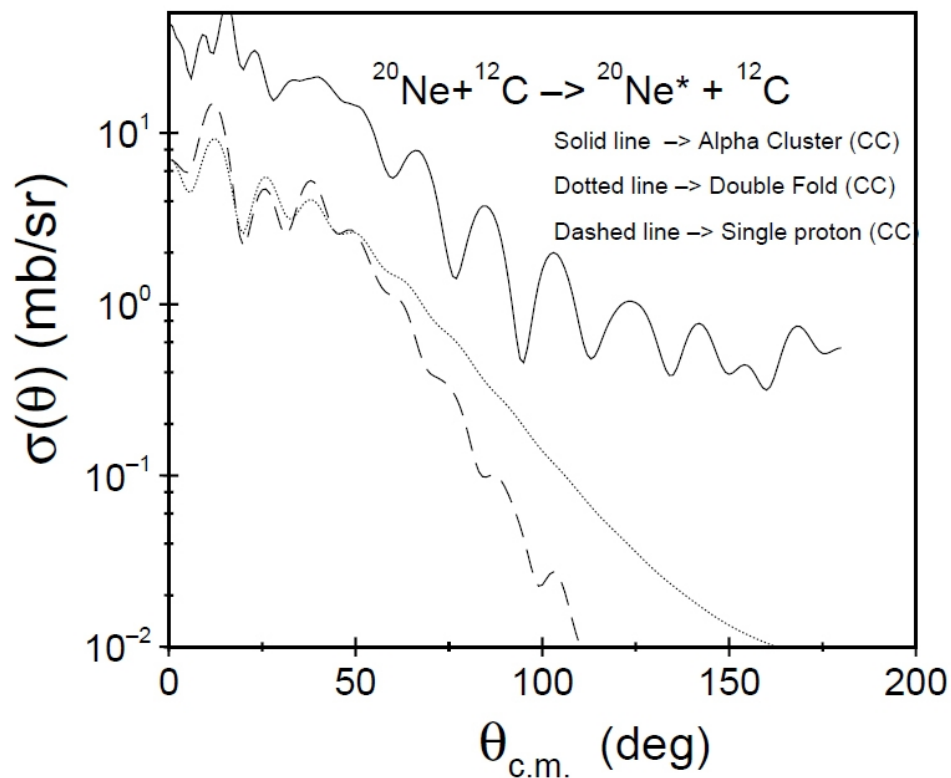
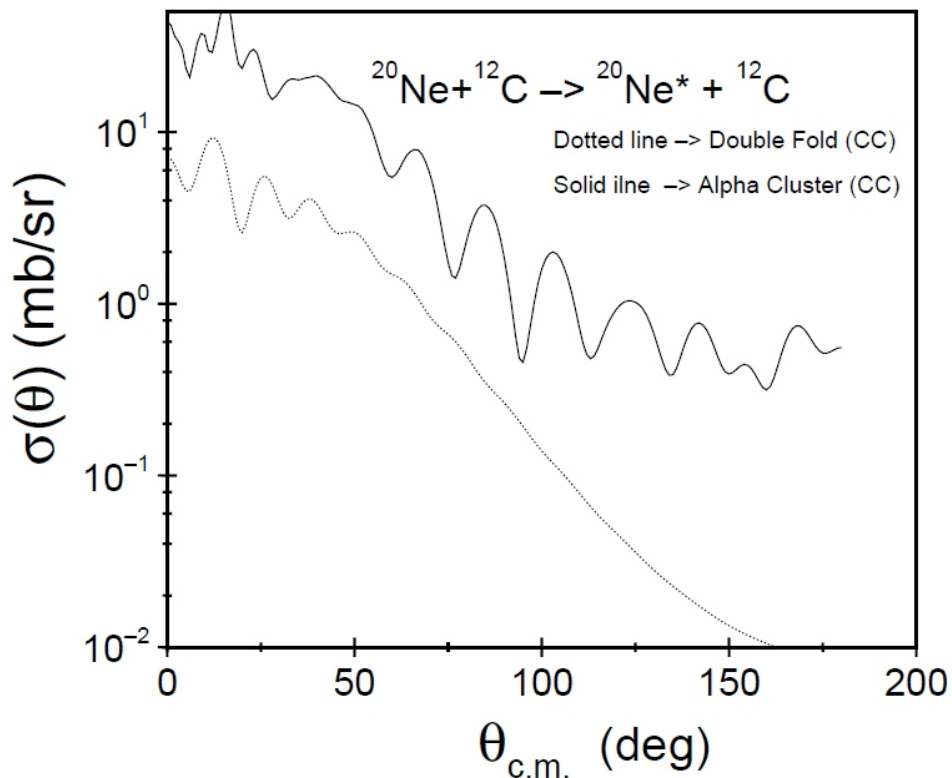
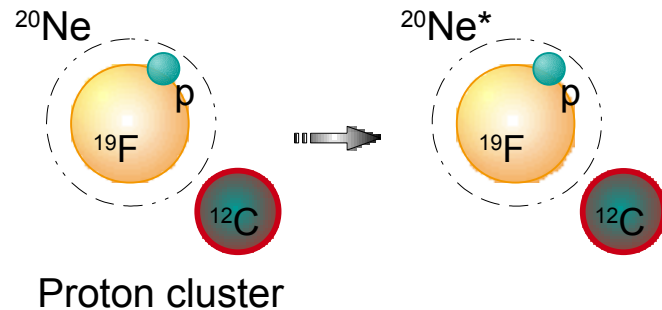
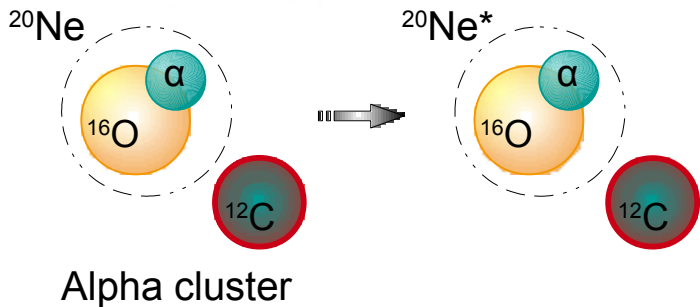
²⁰Ne levels
2⁺ ——— 1.633 MeV
0⁺ ——— 0 MeV





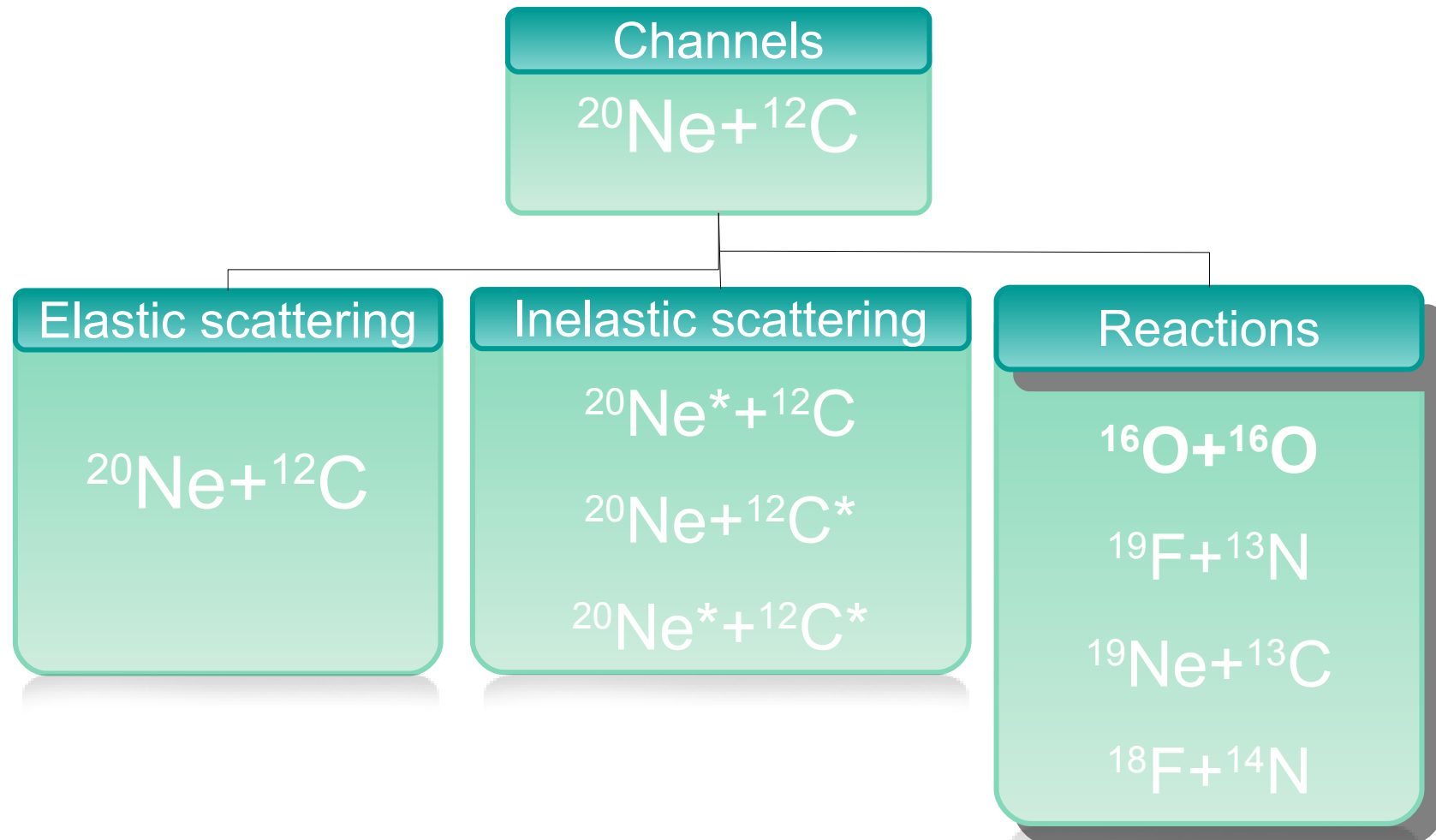
Double-folding and α / p clusters comparison

Results





Basic classification





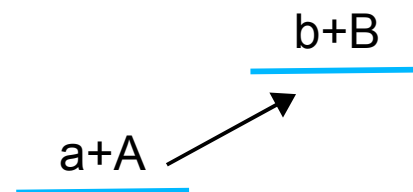
DWBA (Distorted Wave Born Approximation): TRANSFER REACTIONS



$$P_{i \rightarrow f} \sim |\langle \varphi_i \chi_{aA} | U | \varphi_f \chi_{bB} \rangle|^2$$

where:

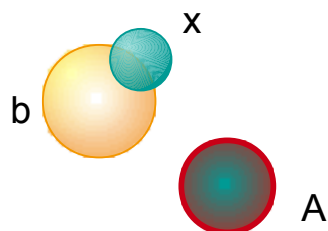
$$\begin{aligned} \varphi_i &= \varphi_a \varphi_A \\ \varphi_f &= \varphi_b \varphi_B \end{aligned}$$



$$V(R,r) = V_{\text{cent.}}(R) + U(R,r)$$

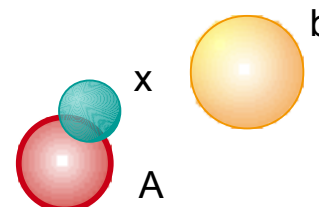
where

$$\begin{aligned} U(R,r) &\ll V_{\text{cent.}}(R) \\ U(R,r) &= |V(R,r) - V_{\text{cent.}}(R)| \end{aligned}$$



Post:

$$U = V_{bx} + V_{bA} - V_{bB} \sim V_{bx}$$

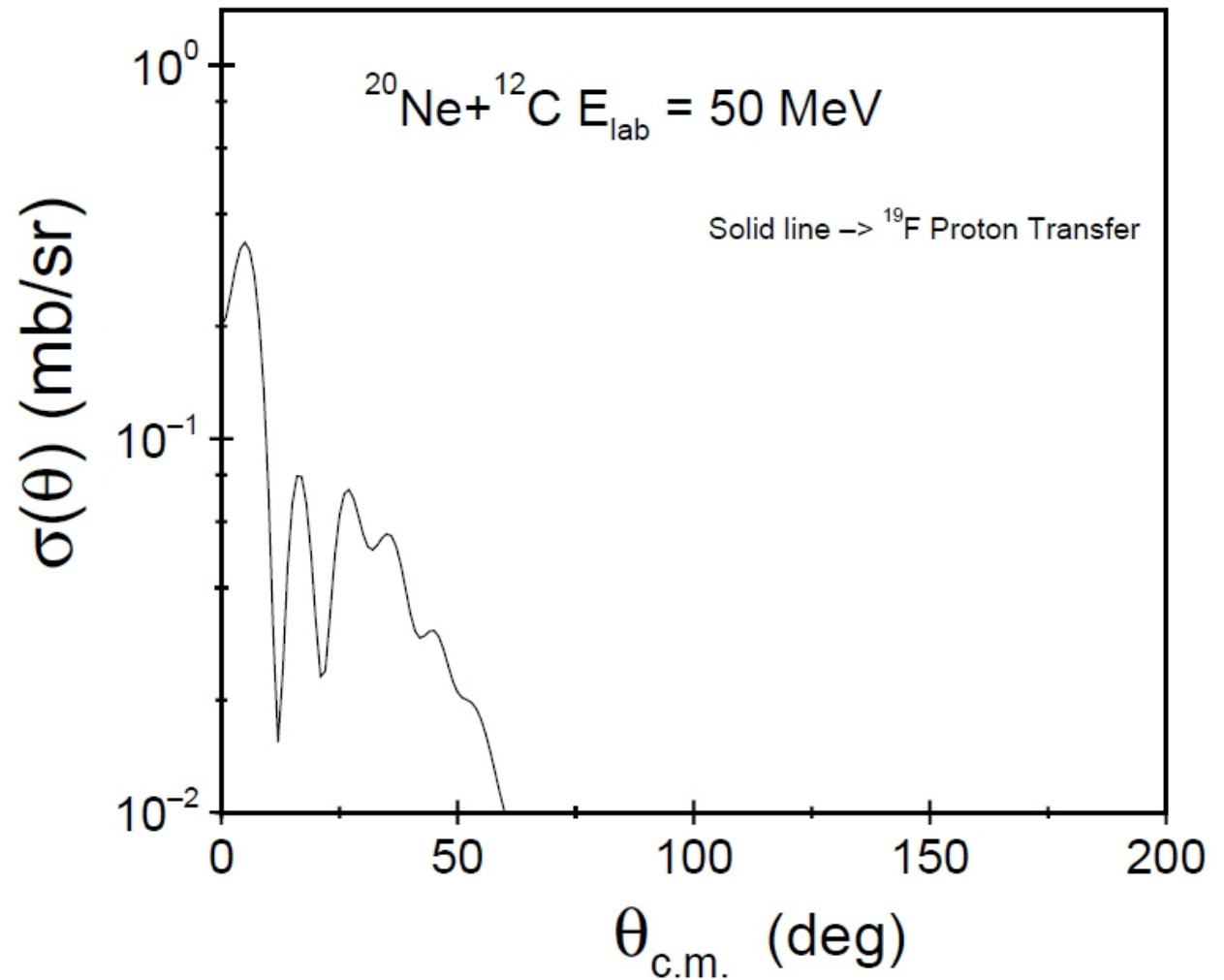
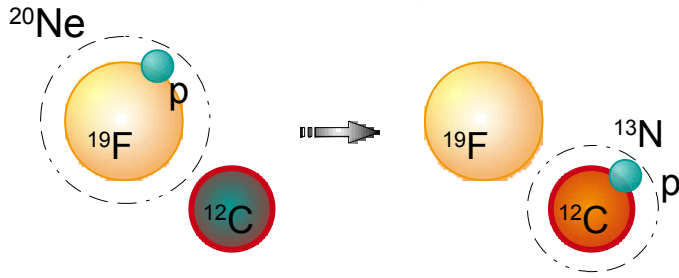


Prior:

$$U = V_{bA} + V_{xA} - V_{aA} \sim V_{xA}$$



Proton transfer

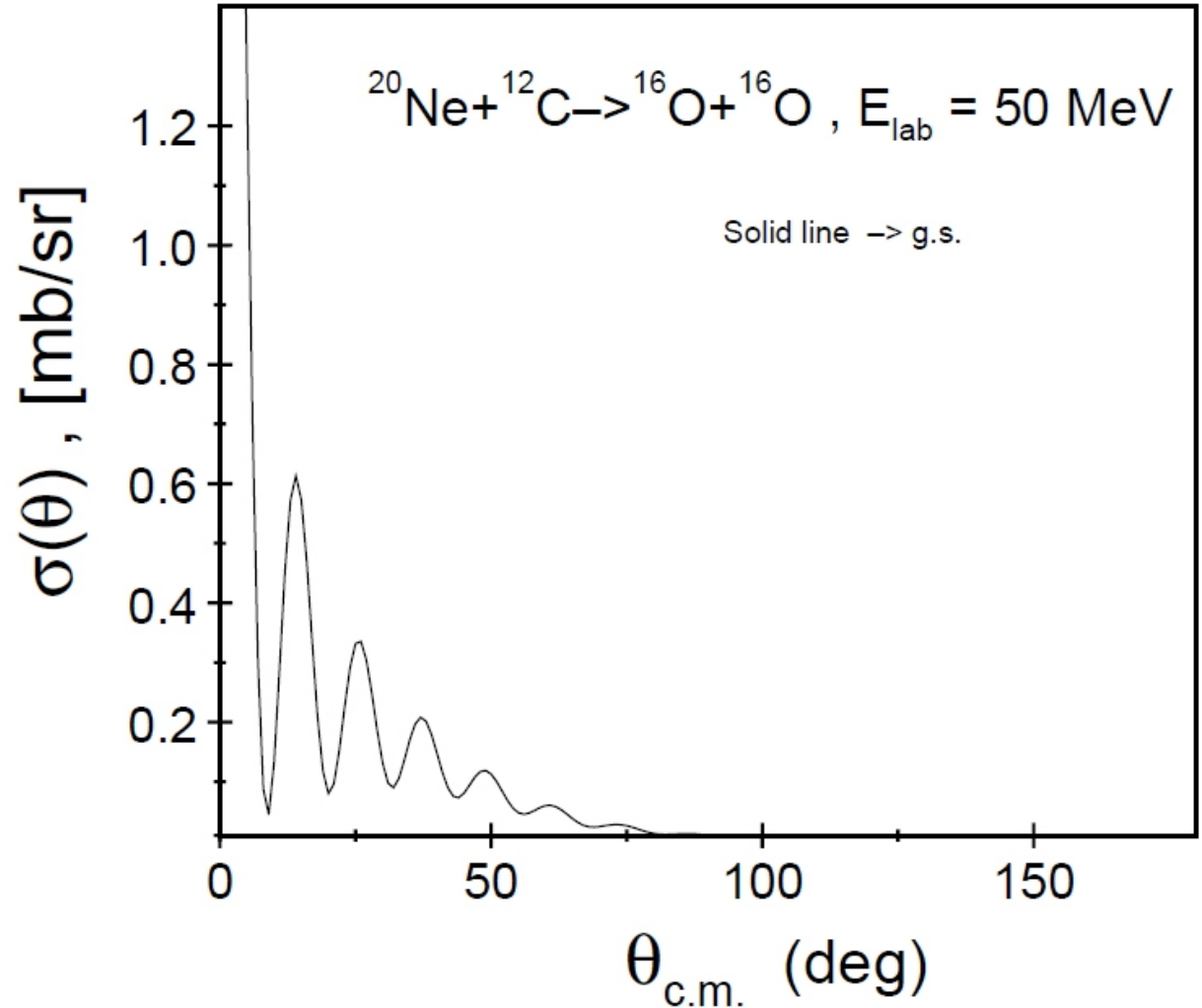
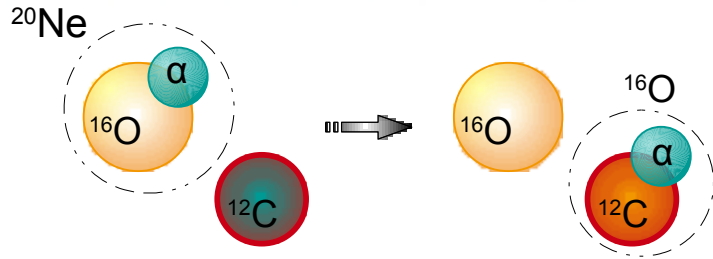




α transfer



Ground state

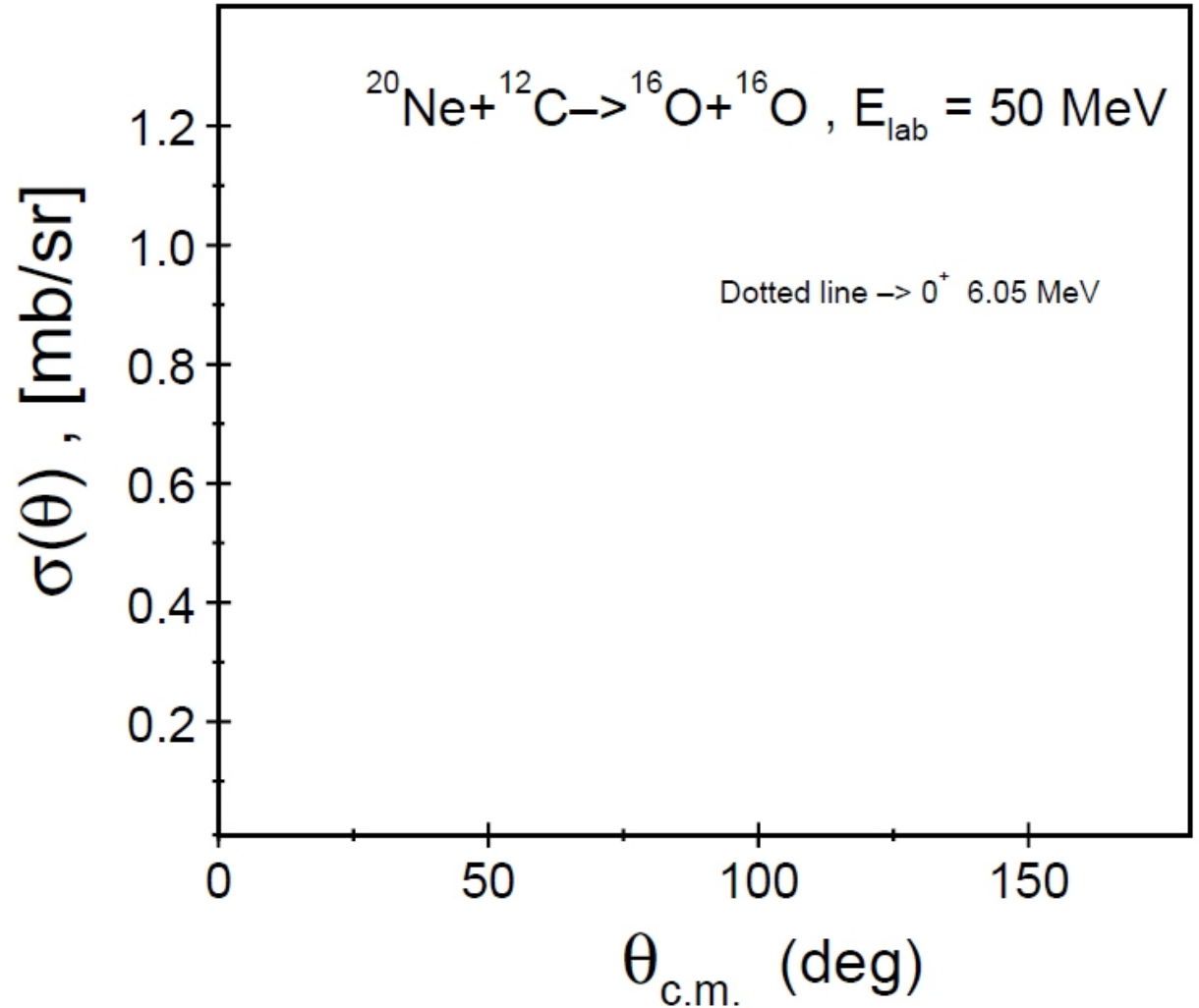
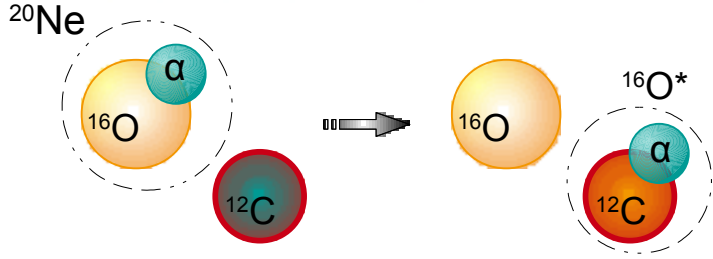




α transfer



0^+ state

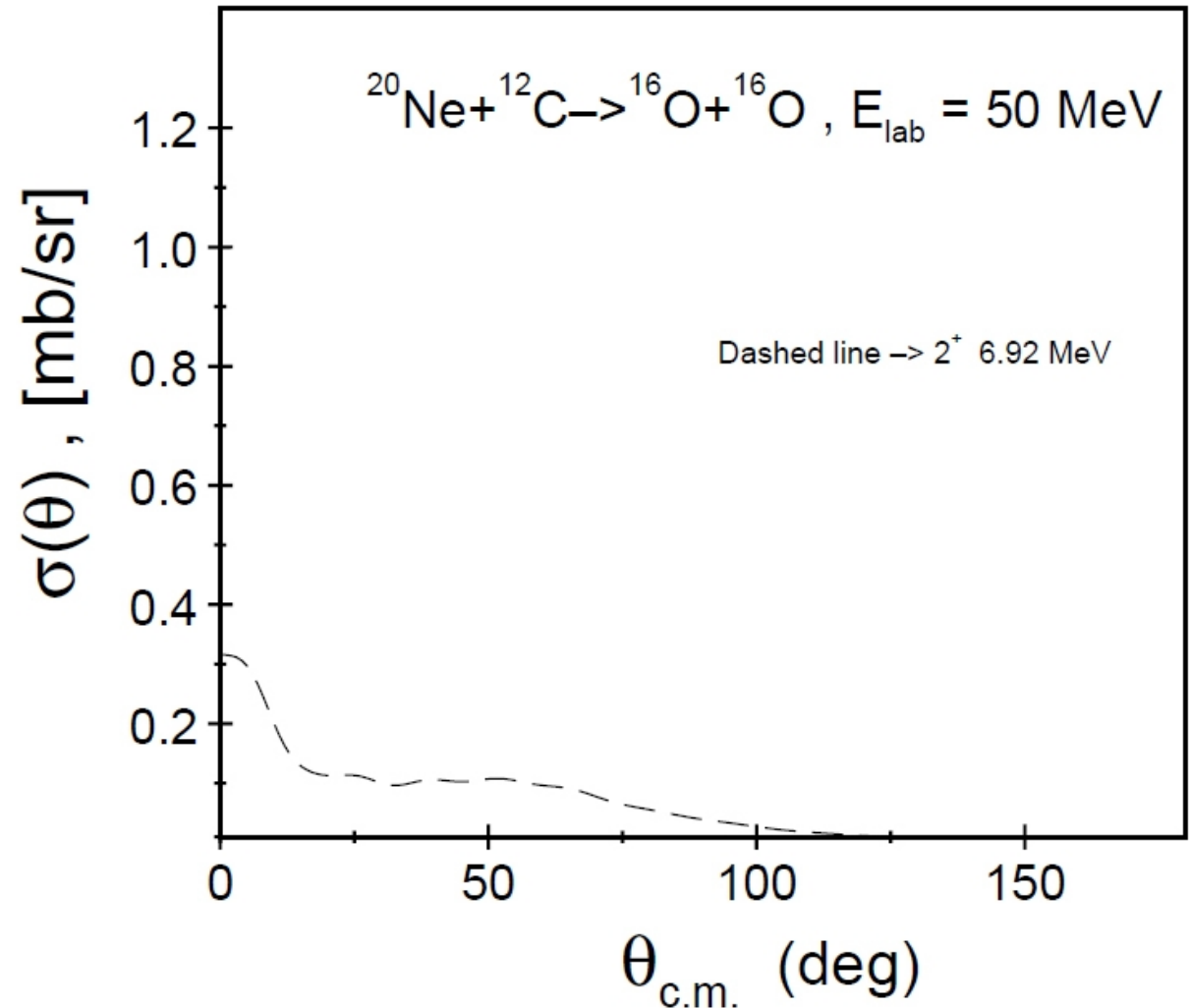
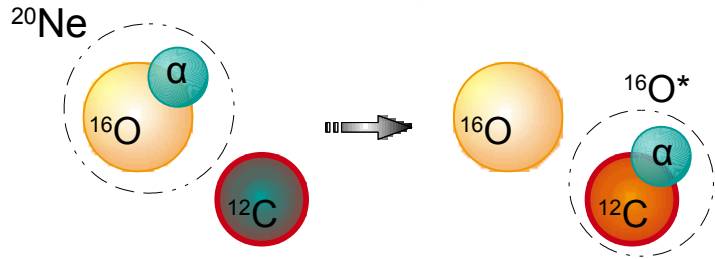




α transfer



2^+ state

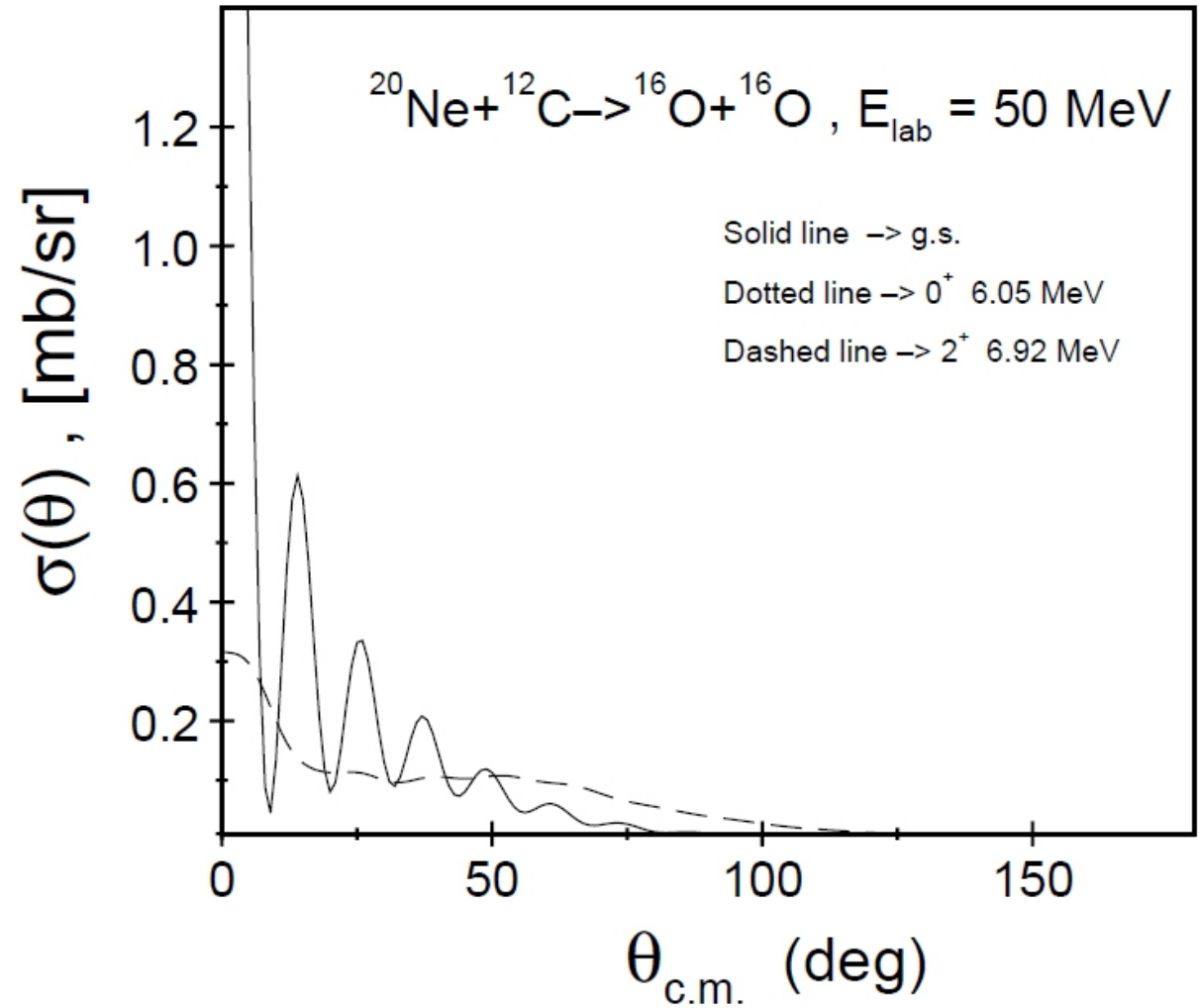
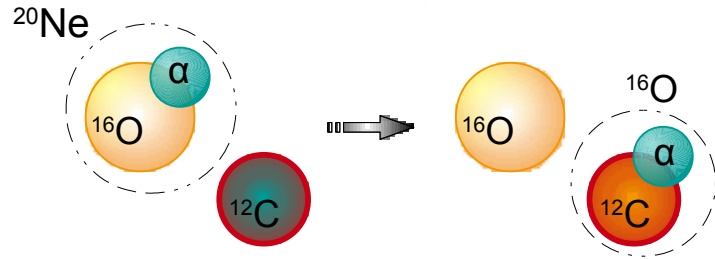




α transfer



Results





Take-a-break-slide

We have not finished yet



Thank you !

